

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

<u>Product Identifier</u> <u>Product Form: Mixture</u>

**Product Name:** Stainless Steels

Synonyms: Bar, Sheet, Plate, Tubing, Pipe and Structurals

Intended Use of the Product
Solid product, various forms and uses

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, Inc. 227 W Monroe St., 27th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60606 T (312) 292-5000

www.ryerson.com

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800) 424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or Night

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

**GHS-US classification** 

Not classified

**Label Elements** 

GHS-US Labeling No labeling applicable

#### **Other Hazards**

This product as shipped is physiologically inert in its solid form. However, user-generated dust and/or fumes may pose a physiological hazard if inhaled or ingested. Avoid inhalation of metal dusts and fumes. May cause an influenza-like illness. Avoid skin and eye contact with dusts to prevent mechanical irritation. User-generated dust is easily ignited and difficult to extinguish. The below listing is a summary of elements used in alloying stainless steels. Various grades will contain different combinations of these elements. Other trace elements may also be present in minute amounts. These small quantities (less than 0.1%), frequently referred to as "trace" or "residual" elements, generally originate in the raw material used. Values shown are applicable to component elements. \*Stainless steel products as provided contain chromium metal in the zero valence state. As such, chromium metal does not present any unusual health hazard. However, welding, torch cutting, brazing, or perhaps grinding of chromium metal in stainless steel may generate airborne concentration of hexavalent chromium. The roll may have a light coating of oil to prevent corrosion.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	GHS-US classification
Iron	(CAS No) 7439-89-6	45 - 90	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Self-heat. 1, H251
Nickel	(CAS No) 7440-02-0	<= 46	Comb. Dust
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Carc. 2, H351
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Chromium	(CAS No) 7440-47-3	10 - 30	Comb. Dust
Manganese	(CAS No) 7439-96-5	<= 15	Comb. Dust

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Molybdenum	(CAS No) 7439-98-7	<= 7	Comb. Dust
Silicon	(CAS No) 7440-21-3	<= 6.5	Comb. Dust
Copper	(CAS No) 7440-50-8	<= 5	Comb. Dust
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Cobalt	(CAS No) 7440-48-4	<= 5	Comb. Dust
			Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			Resp. Sens. 1B, H334
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Carc. 1B, H350
			Repr. 2, H361
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Tungsten	(CAS No) 7440-33-7	<= 4	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Self-heat. 2, H252
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	<= 4	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Water-react. 2, H261
Titanium	(CAS No) 7440-32-6	<= 2.4	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
Carbon	(CAS No) 7440-44-0	<= 2	Comb. Dust
Vanadium	(CAS No) 7440-62-2	<= 1.1	Comb. Dust
Tantalum	(CAS No) 7440-25-7	<= 1	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
Niobium	(CAS No) 7440-03-1	<= 1	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
Lead	(CAS No) 7439-92-1	< 0.1	Carc. 1B, H350
			Repr. 1A, H360
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Paraffin oils	(CAS No) 8012-95-1	< 0.1	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
			Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	<= 0.06	Simple Asphy, H380
			Compressed gas, H280
Sulfur	(CAS No) 7704-34-9	<= 0.06	Comb. Dust
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **Description of First Aid Measures**

**General:** If injury occurs or if you feel unwell seek medical advice.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**Skin Contact:** Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period (at least 15 minutes) while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

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### **Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed**

**General:** Under normal conditions of use not expected to present a significant hazard. Under milling, or physical alteration metal dusts may be produced that cause irritation of the respiratory tract, skin, and may be harmful. Molten material may release toxic, and irritating fumes.

**Inhalation:** During processing, the most significant route of exposure is by the inhalation (breathing) of fumes. If fumes are inhaled, they can cause a condition commonly known as metal fume fever with symptoms which resemble influenza; Symptoms may be delayed 4-12 hours and begin with a sudden onset of thirst, and a sweet, metallic or foul taste in the mouth. Other symptoms may include upper respiratory tract irritation accompanied by coughing and a dryness of the mucous membranes, lassitude and a generalized feeling of malaise. Fever, chills, muscular pain, mild to severe headache, nausea, occasional vomiting, exaggerated mental activity, profuse sweating, excessive urination, diarrhea and prostration may also occur.

**Skin Contact:** Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns.

**Eye Contact:** Dust generated from material cutting may cause a slight irritation. Slivers may be generated, which could cause mechanical irritation or injure the eye. Dusts caused from milling and physical alteration will likely cause eye irritation. Fumes from thermal decomposition or molten material will likely be irritating to the eyes.

**Ingestion:** If large amounts are ingested: Gastrointestinal irritation.

Chronic Symptoms: In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Molten material may produce fumes that are toxic, or irritating, and may cause metal fume fever. When machined or physically altered material may produce dusts or ribbons that may be irritating or harmful. Chromium: Certain hexavalent chromium compounds have been demonstrated to be carcinogenic on the basis of epidemiological investigations on workers and experimental studies in animals. Increased incidences of respiratory cancer have been found in chromium (VI) workers. There is an increased incidence of lung cancer in industrial workers exposed to chromium (VI) compounds. Please refer to IARC volume 23 for a more detailed discussion. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Antimony: Exposure to antimony dusts and fume may result in irritation eyes, skin, nose, throat, mouth; cough; dizziness; headache; nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; stomach cramps; insomnia; anorexia; unable to smell properly. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic.

### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing Media**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Cover with sand or earth. metal fire extinction powder. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water jet. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

### Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

**Fire Hazard:** In massive form: Not flammable. In powdered form: Metallic dusts may ignite or explode. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases.

**Explosion Hazard:** In massive form: None known. In powdered form: Combustible dust. Dust clouds can be explosive. Avoid dust clouds in combination with static electricity.

Reactivity: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

### **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Not available

Firefighting Instructions: Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapours from decomposition. Keep upwind.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive-pressure self-contained

breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion and decomposition products.

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Hazardous Combustion Products: Not available

**Reference to Other Sections** 

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures Not available

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Wear eye protection.

Emergency Procedures: Avoid creating or spreading dust. Eliminate ignition sources.

**For Emergency Personnel** 

**Protective Equipment:** Safety glasses.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

**Environmental Precautions** 

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shovelling) and collect in suitable container for disposal. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Reference to Other Sections No additional information available

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. In powdered form: Fine dust dispersed in air may ignite. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Always wash hands after handling the product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ensure there is adequate ventilation. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Always wash your hands immediately after handling this product, and once again before leaving the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where product is used.

### **Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities**

**Storage Conditions:** Store in original container. Store in a dry, cool place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### Specific End Use(s)

Solid product, various forms and uses

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

Chromium (7440-47-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	250 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (metal)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³ (metal)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3.0 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.015 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
	,	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	500 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
		0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
	011 1 W ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	oroz mb/ m (respirable traction)

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Nonecond	OEL Cailing (100 a /100 3)	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
		0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (total dust and fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
	Internal TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Soluble Compounds)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Soluble Compounds)
		15 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Insoluble Compounds
		(Total dust)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Soluble Compounds)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable)
		10 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
	05, 675, 7 / 3)	3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable fraction)
No walkers of Townia or o	OFI TIMA (	6 mg/m³ (metal-respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable fraction)
Ontonio	OFI TIMA (	3 mg/m³ (metal-respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable)
Duines Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (metal-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m²)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (IIIg/III )	6 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (Mg/M²)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Silicon (7440-21-3)		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
UJA UJNA	OSHA FEL (TWA) (IIIB/III')	5 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
OJA NIOJA	MOSHINEL (TWA) (IIIB/III )	5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
Bildsii Columbia	OLL I WA (IIIK/III )	3 mg/m³ (total dust)
		3 mg/m (respirable traction)

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New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (respirable mass)
		10 mg/m³ (total mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m³
Tungsten (7440-33-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	, , ,	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
33.133.111		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.0 mg/m³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal dust)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 ± mg/ m (respirable fraction)

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Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (metal-dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-dust)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)
Copper (7440-50-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
		0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³ (dust, fume and mist)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
		0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³ (fume)
		2 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
		0.6 mg/m³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³ (fume)
	27. 7.1.1.1.1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	3 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
	( / 2)	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Works as	OFI TMA (m. 1 3)	2 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	[	Taraka kanala kanal
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Simple asphyxiant See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen
		Content
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
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Vanadium (7440-62-2)	L	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
		0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to
		Humans
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	30 μg/100ml (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: Lead (Note: Women of child bearing potential,
		whose blood Pb exceeds 10 μg/dL, are at risk of delivering
		a child with a blood Pb over the current Centers for
		Disease Control guideline of 10 μg/dL. If the blood Pb of
		such children remains elevated, they may be at increased
		risk of cognitive deficits. The blood Pb of these children
		should be closely monitored and appropriate steps should
		be taken to minimize the child's exposure to
		environmental lead.)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 μg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.050 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (designated substances regulation)
		0.05 mg/m³ (applies to workplaces to which the designated
	-	substances regulation does not apply)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	15 μg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift at end of
		workweek - Parameter: Cobalt (nonspecific)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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	<u> </u>	
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (metal-dust and fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.06 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Tantalum (7440-25-7)	- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (dust)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	2500 mg/m³ (dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (IIIg/III ) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m²)	5 mg/m³ (dust)
	55	5. 1
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ 5 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (metal)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Paraffin oils (8012-95-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (excluding metal working fluids, highly & severely refined-inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen highly and severely refined, Suspected Human Carcinogen highly and severely refined
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	2500 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (mildly refined)
		1 mg/m³ (severely refined)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (excluding metal working fluids, highly & severely refined-inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (as sampled by a method that does not collect
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	vapor)

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Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (excluding metal working fluids, highly & severely refined-inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (excluding metal working fluids, highly & severely refined-inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (pure, highly and severely refined, excluding metal working fluids-inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (excluding metal working fluids, highly & severely refined-inhalable fraction)
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (mist)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (mist)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

### **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. In powdered form: Avoid dust production. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use explosion-proof equipment.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** During metal processing, . Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing: Not available Hand Protection: Impermeable protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Fumes and dust: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory

protection should be worn.

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State  Appearance  Gray,Metallic  Odor  Odor : Odorless  Odor Threshold  PH : Not available  Evaporation Rate  Melting Point  Freezing Point  Boiling Point  Flash Point  Auto-ignition Temperature  Decomposition Temperature  Flammability (solid, gas)  Lower Flammable Limit  Solid  Gray,Metallic  Gray,Metallic  Gray,Metallic  Gray,Metallic  Gray,Metallic  Hot available  Not available			<u> </u>
Odor Codor Codo Codo	Physical State	:	Solid
Odor Threshold : Not available pH : Not available Evaporation Rate : Not available Melting Point : Not available Freezing Point : Not available Boiling Point : Not available Boiling Point : Not available Flash Point : Not available Auto-ignition Temperature : Not available Decomposition Temperature : Not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	Appearance	:	Gray,Metallic
pH : Not available  Evaporation Rate : Not available  Melting Point : Not available  Freezing Point : Not available  Boiling Point : Not available  Flash Point : Not available  Flash Point : Not available  Auto-ignition Temperature : Not available  Decomposition Temperature : Not available  Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available  Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	Odor	:	Odorless
Evaporation Rate : Not available  Melting Point : Not available  Freezing Point : Not available  Boiling Point : Not available  Flash Point : Not available  Flash Point : Not available  Auto-ignition Temperature : Not available  Decomposition Temperature : Not available  Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available  Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	Odor Threshold	:	Not available
Melting Point: Not availableFreezing Point: Not availableBoiling Point: Not availableFlash Point: Not availableAuto-ignition Temperature: Not availableDecomposition Temperature: Not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Not availableLower Flammable Limit: Not available	pH	:	Not available
Freezing Point : Not available Boiling Point : Not available Flash Point : Not available Auto-ignition Temperature : Not available Decomposition Temperature : Not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	:	Not available
Boiling Point : Not available Flash Point : Not available Auto-ignition Temperature : Not available Decomposition Temperature : Not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	Melting Point	:	Not available
Flash Point : Not available Auto-ignition Temperature : Not available Decomposition Temperature : Not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	Freezing Point	:	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature: Not availableDecomposition Temperature: Not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Not availableLower Flammable Limit: Not available	<b>Boiling Point</b>	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature: Not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Not availableLower Flammable Limit: Not available	Flash Point	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit : Not available	<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	:	Not available
	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit : Not available	Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
	Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available

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Not available Vapor Pressure Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available **Relative Density** Not available **Specific Gravity** Not available Solubility Water: Insoluble **Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water** Not available Viscosity Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact. Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge Dust cloud in combination withe static electricity can very be explosive

**VOC** content 0 %

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity:** Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

**Chemical Stability:** Product is stable.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Dust, chips, or ribbons can be ignited more easily, by an ignition source, by improper machining, or by spontaneous combustion if finely divided and damp.

Incompatible Materials: Incompatible with: strong acids. Mineral acids. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Metal oxides.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on Toxicological Effects - Product Acute Toxicity: Inhalation:dust.mist: Not classified.

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified. Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: During processing, the most significant route of exposure is by the inhalation (breathing) of fumes. If fumes are inhaled, they can cause a condition commonly known as metal fume fever with symptoms which resemble influenza; Symptoms may be delayed 4-12 hours and begin with a sudden onset of thirst, and a sweet, metallic or foul taste in the mouth. Other symptoms may include upper respiratory tract irritation accompanied by coughing and a dryness of the mucous membranes, lassitude and a generalized feeling of malaise. Fever, chills, muscular pain, mild to severe headache, nausea, occasional vomiting, exaggerated mental activity, profuse sweating, excessive urination, diarrhea and prostration may also occur.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust generated from material cutting may cause a slight irritation. Slivers may be generated, which could cause mechanical irritation or injure the eye. Dusts caused from milling and physical alteration will likely cause eye irritation. Fumes from thermal decomposition or molten material will likely be irritating to the eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: If large amounts are ingested: Gastrointestinal irritation.

Chronic Symptoms: In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Molten material may produce fumes that are toxic, or irritating, and may cause metal fume fever. When machined or physically altered material may produce dusts or ribbons that may be irritating or harmful. Chromium: Certain hexavalent chromium compounds have been demonstrated to be carcinogenic on the basis of epidemiological investigations on workers and experimental studies in animals. Increased incidences of respiratory cancer have been found in chromium (VI) workers. There is an increased incidence of lung cancer in industrial workers exposed to chromium (VI) compounds. Please refer to IARC volume 23 for a more

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detailed discussion. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. . Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Antimony: Exposure to antimony dusts and fume may result in irritation eyes, skin, nose, throat, mouth; cough; dizziness; headache; nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; stomach cramps; insomnia; anorexia; unable to smell properly. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. . Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic.

### Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

#### LD50 and LC50 Data:

Chromium (7440-47-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.41 mg/l/4h	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 9000 mg/kg	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.14 mg/l/4h	
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 3.92 mg/l/4h	
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3160 mg/kg	
ATE US (oral)	3,160.00 mg/kg body weight	
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Iron (7439-89-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	98.6 g/kg	
ATE US (oral)	98,600.00 mg/kg body weight	
Niobium (7440-03-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10 g/kg	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 3000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 9.23 mg/l/4h	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	215.9 - 1140 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
ATE US (oral)	215.90 mg/kg body weight	
Tantalum (7440-25-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Paraffin oils (8012-95-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 24 g/kg	
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LC50 Inhalation Rat	2062 ppm/4h		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2.18 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (gases)	2,062.00 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.18 mg/l/4h		
Chromium (7440-47-3)			
IARC Group	3		
Nickel (7440-02-0)			
IARC Group	2B		
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.		
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.		
Lead (7439-92-1)	Lead (7439-92-1)		
IARC Group	2A		
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.		
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.		
Cobalt (7440-48-4)			
IARC Group	2B		
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity.		
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.		
Paraffin oils (8012-95-1)			
IARC Group	1		

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Toxicity** No additional information available

_ <del></del>	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	121.6 μg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	15.3 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.174 (0.174 - 0.311) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
NOEC chronic fish	3.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96h; Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Copper (7440-50-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.0068 (0.0068 - 0.0156) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	0.0426 (0.0426 - 0.0535) mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	0.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.031 (0.031 - 0.054) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
Sulfur (7704-34-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	866 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	736 mg/l
LC 50 Fish 2	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
Lead (7439-92-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	600 μg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC 50 Fish 2	1.17 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])

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### **Persistence and Degradability**

Stainless Steels	
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

**Mobility in Soil** Not available

Other Adverse Effects Not available

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Sewage Disposal Recommendations:** Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. **Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG

- **14.1. UN Number** Not regulated for transport
- **14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name** Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. Additional Information Not regulated for transport

Transport by Sea Not regulated for transport

**Air Transport** 

**DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft** : kg

Only (49 CFR 175.75)

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **US Federal Regulations**

OS rederal regulations		
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %		
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	i) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section	on 313	
RQ (Reportable Quantity, Section 304 of EPA's List of Lists): 100 lb (only applicable if particles are < 100 μm)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section	on 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Tungsten (7440-33-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		

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Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard	
	Reactive hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 % (dust or fume only)		
Copper (7440-50-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
Iron (7439-89-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard	
Niobium (7440-03-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
•	Sudden release of pressure hazard	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
Titanium (7440-32-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
Vanadium (7440-62-2)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section	•	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (except when contained in an alloy)	
Lead (7439-92-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %		
Tantalum (7440-25-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Paraffin oils (8012-95-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory	
LIS State Pegulations	•	

### **US State Regulations**

Stainless Steels()	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.

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Lead (7439-92-1)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause birth defects.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
Female	California to cause (Female) reproductive harm.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
Male	California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of
	California to cause cancer.

### Chromium (7440-47-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Nickel (7440-02-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Manganese (7439-96-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Molybdenum (7439-98-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Silicon (7440-21-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Tungsten (7440-33-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Aluminum (7429-90-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Copper (7440-50-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Sulfur (7704-34-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Titanium (7440-32-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Vanadium (7440-62-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Lead (7439-92-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Cobalt (7440-48-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Tantalum (7440-25-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Paraffin oils (8012-95-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### **Canadian Regulations**

Stainless Steels			
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Chromium (7440-47-3)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 0.1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Nickel (7440-02-0)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)			
IDL Concentration 0.1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects		
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects		
Manganese (7439-96-5)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)		

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According To Federal Register / Vol. 77	According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Silicon (7440-21-3)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)			
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Tungsten (7440-33-7)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Omestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In			
IDL Concentration 1 %	<del>-</del>		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Carbon (7440-44-0)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Omestic Substances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Aluminum (7429-90-5)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Jamestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In			
IDL Concentration 1 %	greaters bisclosure list/		
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material		
	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid		
Copper (7440-50-8)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In			
IDL Concentration 1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Iron (7439-89-6)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid		
	Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material		
Niobium (7440-03-1)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)			
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	<u> </u>		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)			
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas		
Sulfur (7704-34-9)	1		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Inmestic Substances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects		
	1 State of S		
Titanium (7440-32-6) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)			
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid		
Vanadium (7440-62-2)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)			

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Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Lead (7439-92-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects	
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Tantalum (7440-25-7)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Paraffin oils (8012-95-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects	

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision Date** : 10/23/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solids Category 1

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Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1B	Respiratory sensitisation Category 1B
Self-heat. 1	Self-heating substances and mixtures Category 1
Self-heat. 2	Self-heating substances and mixtures Category 2
Simple Asphy	Simple Asphyxiant
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
Water-react. 2	Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Category 2
H228	Flammable solid
	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H251	Self-heating: may catch fire
H252	Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H380	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

### Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, Inc.

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS

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