

Issue date 17-May-2018

Revision date 17-May-2018

Revision Number 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identification

Product identifier	Lawson Carburetor and Choke Cleaner
Other means of identification	95543A
Recommended use	Cleaner
Restrictions on use	For industrial use only

Supplier

Corporate Headquarters:
Lawson Products, Inc.
8770 W. Bryn Mawr Ave., Suite 900
Chicago, IL 60631
(866) 837-9908

Canadian Distribution Center:
Lawson Canada
7315 Rapistan Court
Mississauga, ON L5N 5Z4
(800) 323-5922

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (888) 426-4851 (Prosar)

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Compressed gas

Symbol



Signal word

DANGER

Hazard statements

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statements

General

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102 - Keep out of reach of children
P103 - Read label before use.

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection

Response

General

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Inhalation

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Ingestion

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate method to extinguish

Spill

P391 - Collect spillage

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up
P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazard(s) Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

None known.

(PHNOC)

Unknown acute toxicity 0.00003%

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition Mixture.

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetone	67-64-1	70-80
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1-10
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1-10
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	1-10
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1-10
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1-10

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**Necessary first-aid measures****General Information**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. If breathing has stopped, contact emergency medical services immediately.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.

Skin contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Eye contact

Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

Most important symptoms (acute)

Eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion causing lung damage.

Most important symptoms (over-exposure)

Causes skin irritation. Eye irritation. Respiratory irritation. Ingestion causing lung damage.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable extinguishing media**

Water fog. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Cool containers / tanks with water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards

Extremely Flammable Aerosol. Container may burst in fire. Extremely flammable. Sensitivity to static discharge.

Special protective equipment

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH

for fire-fighters

(approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use shielding to protect fire-fighters from bursting containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions,
protective equipment and
emergency procedures**

Use with adequate ventilation to keep exposure levels below the OELS. Report spills as required by local and federal regulations.

**Methods and materials
for containment and
cleaning up**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Contain liquid and collect with an inert, non-combustible material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for
safe handling**

Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Do not stick pin, nail, or any other sharp object into opening on top of can. Avoid skin contact. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep container away from heat, flames, and all other sources of ignition. Keep can away from all sources of electricity such as electric motors and batteries. Do not spray on hot surfaces.

**Conditions for safe
storage, including any
incompatibilities**

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Store away from oxidizers. Store away from acids.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Chemical name	OSHA PEL (TWA)	ACGIH OEL (TWA)	NIOSH - TWA
Acetone	1000 ppm TWA 2400 mg/m ³ TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	250 ppm TWA 590 mg/m ³ TWA
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	200 ppm TWA 590 mg/m ³ TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	300 ppm STEL 885 mg/m ³ STEL 200 ppm TWA 590 mg/m ³ TWA
Methyl acetate	200 ppm TWA 610 mg/m ³ TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	250 ppm STEL 760 mg/m ³ STEL 200 ppm TWA 610 mg/m ³ TWA
Ethyl benzene	100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA	20 ppm TWA	125 ppm STEL 545 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA
Carbon Dioxide	5000 ppm TWA 9000 mg/m ³ TWA	30000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA	30000 ppm STEL 54000 mg/m ³ STEL 5000 ppm TWA 9000 mg/m ³ TWA

**Appropriate engineering
controls**

Ventilation systems. Use adequate ventilation to keep the exposure levels below the OELs.

**Individual protection measures,
such as personal protective
equipment**

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection

Chemical resistant apron. Protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator is recommended. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentration. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Canadian Province Occupational
Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	Alberta OEL	British Columbia OEL	Manitoba OEL	New Brunswick - OEL	Newfoundl and & Labrador - OEL	Nova Scotia - OEL	Ontario OEL	Prince Edward Island - OEL	Quebec OEL	Saskatche wan - OEL
Acetone	750 ppm STEL 1800 mg/m ³ STEL 500 ppm TWA 1200 mg/m ³ TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	250 ppm TWA 500 ppm STEL	750 ppm STEL 1782 mg/m ³ STEL 500 ppm TWA 1188 mg/m ³ TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	1000 ppm STEV 2380 mg/m ³ STEV 500 ppm TWA 1190 mg/m ³ TWA	750 ppm STEL 500 ppm TWA
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	150 ppm STEL 651 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL	150 ppm STEL 651 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEV 651 mg/m ³ STEV 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA
Methyl ethyl ketone	300 ppm STEL 885 mg/m ³ STEL 200 ppm TWA 590 mg/m ³ TWA	100 ppm STEL 50 ppm TWA	200 ppm TWA 300 ppm STEL	300 ppm STEL 885 mg/m ³ STEL 200 ppm TWA 590 mg/m ³ TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	100 ppm STEV 300 mg/m ³ STEV 50 ppm TWA 150 mg/m ³ TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA
Methyl acetate	250 ppm STEL 757 mg/m ³ STEL 200 ppm TWA 606 mg/m ³ TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	200 ppm TWA 250 ppm STEL	250 ppm STEL 757 mg/m ³ STEL 200 ppm TWA 606 mg/m ³ TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	250 ppm STEV 757 mg/m ³ STEV 200 ppm TWA 606 mg/m ³ TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA
Ethyl benzene	125 ppm STEL 543 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA	20 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	125 ppm STEL 543 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA	20 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	125 ppm STEV 543 mg/m ³ STEV 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA	125 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA
Carbon Dioxide	30000 ppm STEL 54000 mg/m ³ STEL 5000 ppm TWA 9000 mg/m ³ TWA	15000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA 30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEL 54000 mg/m ³ STEL 5000 ppm TWA 9000 mg/m ³ TWA	30000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA	30000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA	30000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA	30000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA	30000 ppm STEV 54000 mg/m ³ STEV 5000 ppm TWA 9000 mg/m ³ TWA	30000 ppm STEL 5000 ppm TWA

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Aerosol
Color	Clear, Amber
Odor	Solvent
Odor threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point/range °C	Not available
Melting point/range °F	Not available
Boiling point/range °C	Not available
Boiling point/range °F	Not available
Flash point °C	-20
Flash point °F	-4
Flash point method used	based on components
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not available
Lower explosion limit	Not available
Upper explosion limit	Not available
Vapor pressure	Not available
Vapor density	Not available
Relative density	0.814
Solubility	Practically insoluble in water
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Autoignition temperature °C	Not available
Autoignition temperature °F	Not available
Decomposition temperature °C	Not available
Decomposition temperature °F	Not available
Viscosity	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Not available.
------------	----------------

Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid direct sunlight. Avoid extreme temperatures.
Incompatible materials	Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure Dermal. Inhalation. Ingestion. Eyes.

Symptoms Exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause nervous system effects such as headache, nausea, and dizziness. Irritating to eyes and skin. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. Aspiration into the lungs during swallowing may cause serious lung damage which may be fatal. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, tiredness, nausea, and vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Chronic hydrocarbon abuse has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and potential cardiac arrest. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Target Organ Effects: Central Nervous System (CNS), Central Vascular System (CVS), Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical name	Inhalation LC50:	Dermal LD50:	Oral LD50:
Acetone	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat) 8 h	> 15700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 5000 ppm (Rat) 4 h > 5.04 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	> 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 mg/kg (Rat)
Methyl ethyl ketone	= 11700 ppm (Rat) 4 h	= 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 6480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 2483 mg/kg (Rat) = 2737 mg/kg (Rat)
Methyl acetate	= 16000 ppm (Rat) 4 h	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 5 g/kg (Rat)
Ethyl benzene	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h > 5.04 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 mg/kg (Rat)
Carbon Dioxide	-	-	-

ATEmix (dermal)	20829 mg/kg
ATEmix (oral)	66274 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas)	Not available
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	Not available
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	23 mg/l

Carcinogenicity

Chemical name	ACGIH OEL - Carcinogens	IARC	OSHA RTK Carcinogens	NTP
Acetone	A4	-	-	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	A4	Group 3	-	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	-	-	-	-
Methyl acetate	-	-	-	-
Ethyl benzene	A3	Group 2B	Listed	-
Carbon Dioxide	-	-	-	-

Canadian Province carcinogenicity limits

Chemical name	Alberta - Carcinogen	British Columbia - Carcinogen	Manitoba - Carcinogen	New Brunswick - Carcinogen	Nova Scotia - Carcinogen	Quebec - Carcinogen
Acetone	-	-	ACGIH A4	ACGIH A4	ACGIH A4	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	-	-	ACGIH A4	ACGIH A4	ACGIH A4	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	-	-	-	-	-	-
Methyl acetate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethyl benzene	-	IARC 2B	ACGIH A3	-	ACGIH A3	-
Carbon Dioxide	-	-	-	-	-	-

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish
Acetone	-	4.74 - 6.33: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 8300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	11: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	13.4: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 13.5 - 17.3: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 19: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 7.711 - 9.591: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 780: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50 semi-static 780: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50 13.1 - 16.5: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 23.53 - 29.97: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 2.661 - 4.093: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 30.26 - 40.75: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static
Methyl ethyl ketone	-	3130 - 3320: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through
Methyl acetate	120: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50	295 - 348: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 250 - 350: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 static
Ethyl benzene	4.6: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 2.6 - 11.3: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static 438: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 1.7 - 7.6: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static 11: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	11.0 - 18.0: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 32: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static 9.1 - 15.6: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 4.2: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static 7.55 - 11: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through
Carbon Dioxide	-	-

Persistence and degradability Not available.

Bioaccumulation Not available

Chemical name	CAS-No	Partition coefficient (log Kow)
Acetone 67-64-1	67-64-1	-0.24
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	1330-20-7	2.77 - 3.15
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	78-93-3	0.3
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	79-20-9	0.18
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	100-41-4	3.2
Carbon Dioxide 124-38-9	124-38-9	-

Mobility in soil Not available.

Other adverse effects Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal information Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse containers.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping Descriptions

DOT

ID-No UN1950
 Proper shipping name Aerosols
 Hazard Class(es) 2.1
 Special Provisions LTD QTY

TDG

ID-No UN1950
 Proper shipping name Aerosols
 Hazard Class(es) 2.1
 Special Provisions LTD QTY

IATA

ID-No UN1950
 Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
 Hazard Class(es) 2.1
 Special Provisions LTD QTY

IMDG/IMO

ID-No UN1950
 Proper shipping name Aerosols
 Hazard Class(es) 2.1
 Special Provisions LTD QTY

Marine Pollutants

Chemical name	CAS-No	USDOT Marine Pollutant	Canada TDG Marine Pollutant	IMDG Marine Pollutant
Acetone	67-64-1	-	-	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	-	-	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	-	-	-
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	-	-	-
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	-	-	-
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	-	-	-

Special Precautions

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container size. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**State regulations****U.S. state Right-to-Know regulations**

Chemical name	CAS-No	Massachusetts - RTK	New Jersey - RTK	Pennsylvania - RTK
Acetone	67-64-1	X	X	X
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	X	X	X
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	X	X	X
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	X	X	X
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	X	X	X
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	X	X	X

California Prop. 65

Chemical name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Acetone	67-64-1	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	-
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	-
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	-

U.S. Federal Regulations**US EPA SARA 313**

Chemical name	CAS-No	CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances RQ	SARA 313 - Threshold Values
---------------	--------	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------

Chemical name	CAS-No	CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances RQ	SARA 313 - Threshold Values
Acetone	67-64-1	5000 lb 2270 kg	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	100 lb 45.4 kg	1.0 %
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5000 lb 2270 kg	-
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	-	-
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1000 lb 454 kg	0.1 %
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	-	-

**US EPA SARA 311/312
hazardous categorization**

Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
Fire Hazard

International inventories

All components of this product are listed on the following inventories: U.S.A. (TSCA 8(b)), Canada (DSL/NDSL) or are exempt.

Chemical name	DSL/NDSL	Inventory - United States - Section 8(b) Inventory (TSCA)	U.S. - TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - Section 12(b) - Export Notification
Acetone	X	X	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	X	X	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	X	X	-
Methyl acetate	X	X	-
Ethyl benzene	X	X	-
Carbon Dioxide	X	X	-

Legend X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION
NFPA

Health 2
Flammability 4
Instability 0

HMIS

Health 2
Flammability 4
Physical hazards 1
Personal protection B

Notice: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA).

Prepared by

Regulatory Affairs

Issue date

17-May-2018

Revision date 17-May-2018

Revision note

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
ATE (Average Toxicity Estimate)
DSL/NDL (Domestic Substance List/Non-Domestic Substance List)
HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System)
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
IATA (International Air Transport Association)
IMDG/IMO (International Maritime Dangerous Goods/International Maritime Organization)
NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)
NTP (National Toxicology Program)
OEL (Occupational Exposure Level)
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)
PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit)
TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)
USEPA (United States Environmental Protection Agency)

Disclaimer

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate, but is not warranted to be, whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

End of Safety Data Sheet